The Perceptions of Teacher Education in Relation to the Teaching Practicum

New Zealand Journal of Teachers’ Work, Volume 2, Issue 1, 30, 2005

PETER LIND
New Zealand Teachers Council

This doctoral study examined the perceptions of the student teacher, the associate teacher and the visiting lecturer regarding the adequacy of the practicum for the preparation of the first year primary teacher. Six triads, or case studies, comprising a student teacher, a visiting lecturer and an associate teacher were selected, each within a different school setting. Using grounded theory, the collected data were analysed and sorted until a conceptual framework emerged. Three key themes were identified: the emotional nature of the teaching practicum; the practicum as situated learning; and the practicum as a professional learning community.

Each member of the triad viewed the final teaching practicum as critical to teacher preparation. To a large extent understandings of the roles played by each member of the triad had been implicit rather than explicit. This study highlights the importance and complementarities of the roles the members of the triad play. It found that student teachers often rely on the solutions provided by the associate teacher and/or visiting lecturer, and that they lack confidence in their own ability to solve challenging classroom problems. A professional learning community requires each member of the triad to collaborate actively as a member of the teaching team and collectively reach solutions posed in the teaching of the class. Finally, the student teachers experienced difficulty in meeting the challenges of student needs, particularly in low decile schools; for some, the challenges were overwhelming.

The study has implications for other initial teacher education programmes regarding practices to meaningfully bridge the gap between the classroom context and the university programme. It provides insights into the requirements for the implementation of practicum that promote a professional learning community. It challenges the assumptions teacher education providers may have about the current models of teaching practicum in which it is perceived as a site where student teachers simply practise teaching and prove their readiness to assume the mantle of a first year teacher. It contributes to the debate around the role and function of the practicum in pre-service teacher education and the need for a deeper understanding and expectation in its implementation by the university and the school, who should be viewed as professional partners in this endeavour.

The opinions expressed are those of the paper author(s) and not the New Zealand Journal of Teachers’ Work. Copyright is held by individual authors but offprints in the published format only may be distributed freely by individuals provided that the source is fully acknowledged. [ISSN-1176-6662]
PETER LIND

New Zealand Teachers Council

Peter Lind is currently the Director of the New Zealand Teachers Council, the purpose of which is to provide professional leadership in teaching, enhance the professional status of teachers in schools and early childhood centres, and to contribute to a safe and high quality teaching and learning environment for children and other learners.

Prior to this appointment, Dr Lind was the Director of Teacher Education at Massey University, responsible for initial teacher education programmes ranging from early years to secondary school teacher education. Included in Dr Lind’s previous experience is primary school principalship, completion of post-graduate study in physical education in British Columbia, Canada, and lecturing at Wellington College of Education where he was Head of Physical Education.

Peter Lind
Director
New Zealand Teachers Council
Peter.Lind@teacherscouncil.govt.nz